Decision with Statement of Reasons of the First-tier Tribunal for Scotland (Housing and Property Chamber) under Section 16 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2014

Chamber Ref: FTS/HPC/CV/18/0270

Re: Property at Sycamore Treehouse, Arbroath Road, Forfar, DD8 2RL ("the Property")

### Parties:

Mr Stephen Dalzell, 6 Piperdam Drive, Piperdam, By Dundee, DD2 5LY ("the Applicant")

Mr Johann Ivester, Mrs Angela Ivester, Sycamore Treehouse, Arbroath Road, Forfar, DD8 2RL ("the Respondent")

### **Tribunal Members:**

Gabrielle Miller (Legal Member)

**Decision (in absence of the Respondent)** 

The First-tier Tribunal for Scotland (Housing and Property Chamber) ("the Tribunal") determined that the order for payment is granted to the amount of £8953.60 plus interest at 8% per annum.

## Background

- 1. This case should be read in conjunction with FTS/HPC/EV/18/0269. The group reference is GTS/HPC/GP/18/0062.
- 2. This is an application in terms of Rule 70 of the First-tier Tribunal for Scotland Housing and Property Chamber (Procedure) Regulations 2017 ("the Rules"). The Applicant is seeking an order for payment of the sum of £8953.60 plus interest at 8% per annum in terms of s16 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2014.
- The parties entered into a Short Assured Tenancy between 1<sup>st</sup> September 2012 until 31<sup>st</sup> August 2013. The rent payments of £975 were due on or before the 1<sup>st</sup> day of each month in advance.

- 4. The Tribunal had before it the following documents:
  - a. Application dated 29<sup>th</sup> January 2018.
  - b. Tenancy agreement between the parties signed 7<sup>th</sup> September 2012 with the commencement of the tenancy on 1<sup>st</sup> September 2012 for a 12 months period until 31<sup>st</sup> August 2013 and on a month to month basis thereafter.
  - c. Form AT5 signed by the parties on 7<sup>th</sup> September 2012.
  - d. Form AT6 dated 4<sup>th</sup> December 2017 with execution of service by Sheriff Officers on 7<sup>th</sup> December 2017.
- 5. The Previous CMD was continued to allow the Respondent to attend and to allow the Respondent to lodge a section 11 notice in the correct form. The Respondent had contacted the Housing and Property Chamber on the morning of the hearing to say that he had been unwell and was unable to attend the hearing that day. He also indicated that he had a serious health condition.
- 6. The Respondent is in receipt of Housing Benefit which totals £415.40 per four weeks (a monthly equivalent of £450.02). This leaves a short fall of £524.80 in rent which is required to be paid by the Respondent.
- 7. The Applicant had originally sought £7350 plus 8% interest per annum. However during the process the arrears increased and the Applicant's representative amended the amount sought to £8953.60.

### Case Management Discussion

8. The Tribunal held a Case Management Discussion ("CMD") on 7<sup>th</sup> September 2018. The Applicant was not present but had elected for his solicitor to be present to represent him, Ms Machin from Clarity Solicitors. The Respondent was not present. The Tribunal proceeded in terms of Rule 29 of the Rules. The Tribunal considered the Application. The Respondent sent in an email on the morning of the hearing to state that he would not be able to attend the hearing as he had surgery on 5th September 2018. He confirmed in his email that he had identified another property that he could move into on 22<sup>nd</sup> October 2018. The Applicant stated that the Respondent had been persistently in arrears of £524.80 per month from October 2016. Thereafter the arrears increased to the amount of £12599.52 to the date of the Tribunal. The Applicant's solicitor accepted that there had been a miscalculation in the sums due to date. This had been intimated to the Housing and Property Chamber as £13015 but she accepted that £12599.52 was the correct figure due. As this had not been intimated upon the Respondent the sum of an order would be restricted to £8953.60. Ms Machin confirmed that there had been no contact between her client and the Respondent since her frim took over the case in early December 2017. She was unaware of any outstanding Housing Benefit issues but noted that the payments had been constant for some time. She noted that there had been no offers of payment for the arrears or the shortfall in the rent by the Respondent.

# Findings in Fact

- 9. The parties entered into a Short Assured Tenancy on 7<sup>th</sup> September 2012 with the commencement of the tenancy on 1<sup>st</sup> September 2012 for a 12 months period until 31<sup>st</sup> August 2013 and on a month to month basis thereafter. The lease was signed on 7<sup>th</sup> September 2012. An AT5 was signed by both parties on the same date as the lease. The rent payments of £975 are due by the 3<sup>rd</sup> day of each month.
- 10. The Housing and Property Chamber received an Application on 29<sup>th</sup> January 2018.
- 11. The Respondent has persistently not made rent payments. There have been more than 3 missed payments. The amount outstanding has risen to £12599.52 to, beyond that which was sought in the application. The arrears have resulted from non-payment of the rent payments after Housing Benefit has been deducted.
- 12. There has been payment of Housing Benefit to the Applicant since October 2016 at a consistent rate of £415.40 per four weeks.

## Reasons for Decision

13. The Respondent has failed to make payment of the rent lawfully due in terms of the lease between the parties. The Applicant has lodged a rent statement for the period 1<sup>st</sup> October 2016 to 1<sup>st</sup> January 2018 in which payments have been missed to amount to £8953.60 in rent arrears. The Tribunal was satisfied that there were no other issues of reasonableness before them. The Tribunal decided that the Respondent had persistently not paid the rent and were in arrears. As a consequence the Applicant was entitled to be granted the Order for payment of £8953.60 plus interest of 8% per annum against the Respondent.

#### Decision

14. The Applicant is entitled to for an order of payment of £8953.60 plus interest of 8% per annum by the Respondent. The Order was granted against the Respondent.

# Right of Appeal

In terms of Section 46 of the Tribunal (Scotland) Act 2014, a party aggrieved by the decision of the Tribunal may appeal to the Upper Tribunal for Scotland on a point of law only. Before an appeal can be made to the Upper Tribunal, the party must first seek permission to appeal from the First-tier Tribunal. That party must seek permission to appeal within 30 days of the date the decision was sent to them.

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Legal Member/Chair

Date