Housing and Property Chamber First-tier Tribunal for Scotland



Decision with Statement of Reasons of the First-tier Tribunal for Scotland (Housing and Property Chamber)

Chamber Ref: FTS/HPC/EV/21/1999

Re: Property at 17 Stewartfield Grove, East Kilbride, G74 4XL ("the Property")

Parties:

Mr Patrick Doherty, 16 Bowmore Crescent, Glasgow, G74 5DD ("the Applicant")

Ms Bianca Alana Bowie, 17 Stewartfield Grove, East Kilbride, G74 4XL ("the Respondent")

Tribunal Members:

Virgil Crawford (Legal Member) and Frances Wood (Ordinary Member)

Decision (in absence of the Respondent)

The First-tier Tribunal for Scotland (Housing and Property Chamber) ("the Tribunal") determined that

BACKGROUND

- By Lease dated 25th August 2016 the Applicant Let the property to the Respondent. Prior to signing of the lease the Applicant was served with, and signed, a form in terms of Section 32 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 1988 ("the 1988 Act) – said form commonly being referred to as a Form AT5. The Lease was, therefor, a short assured tenancy in terms of the 1988 Act;
- 2. The Lease commenced on 25th August 2016;
- 3. On 20th October 2020 the Applicant served a Notice to Quit and a Notice in terms of Section 33 of the 1988 Act upon the Respondent;
- 4. The Applicant presented an application to the Tribunal seeking an Order for eviction, said application to the Tribunal being dated 17th August 2021;
- 5. The Applicant intimated a Notice in terms of Section 11 of the Homelessness etc (Scotland) Act 2003 upon South Lanarkshire Council;

THE CASE MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION

- The case called for a Case Management Discussion on 29th October 2021 at 2pm. The case called by way of teleconference;
- 7. The Applicant was represented by Mr J Hanif of Messrs Miller Beckett and Jackson Solicitors, Glasgow. The Respondent did not participate in the Case Management Discussion. The Tribunal was in receipt of a certificate of service by Sheriff Officers confirming that the date, time and details for joining the Case Management Discussion, together with a set of case papers had been intimated upon the Respondent. In the circumstances, the Tribunal, being satisfied in terms of Rule 24 of the First Tier Tribunal for Scotland Housing and Property Chamber (Procedure) Regulations 2017 that the Respondent had received reasonable Notice of the same, determined that it was appropriate to proceed in accordance with Rule 29 of the said rules;
- 8. Mr Hanif moved the Tribunal to grant the order for eviction. In the absence of the Respondent, there was no information placed before the Tribunal to enable it to conclude that it was not reasonable to grant the order;

FINDINGS IN FACT

- 9. The Tribunal found the following facts to be established:-
 - a) By Lease dated 25th August 2016 the Applicant Let the property to the Respondent. Prior to signing of the lease the Applicant was served with, and signed, a form in terms of Section 32 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 1988;
 - b) The lease is a short assured tenancy;
 - c) The Lease commenced on 25th August 2016;
 - d) On 20th October 2020 the Applicant served a Notice to Quit and a Notice in terms of Section 33 of the 1988 Act upon the Respondent;
 - e) The Applicant intimated a Notice in terms of Section 11 of the Homelessness etc (Scotland) Act 2003 upon South Lanarkshire Council;

REASONS FOR DECISION

10. The documentation submitted to the Tribunal with the application confirmed that the statutory requirements for the Applicant to seek an order for eviction had been complied with. Separately, the documents submitted also confirmed that there had been rent arrears in the course of the tenancy and, indeed, the Tribunal had previously granted an order for payment of rent arrears. In the circumstances, there being no information to enable the Tribunal to conclude otherwise, the Tribunal concluded that it was reasonable to grant the Order sought;

DECISION

The Tribunal granted an Order against the Respondent for possession of the property under Section 33 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 1988, said order not to be enforced prior to 12 Noon on 6th December 2021.

Right of Appeal

In terms of Section 46 of the Tribunal (Scotland) Act 2014, a party aggrieved by the decision of the Tribunal may appeal to the Upper Tribunal for Scotland on a point of law only. Before an appeal can be made to the Upper Tribunal, the party must first seek permission to appeal from the First-tier Tribunal. That party must seek permission to appeal within 30 days of the date the decision was sent to them.

Virgil Crawford

29 October 2021

Legal Member/Chair

Date