



**DECISION AND STATEMENT OF REASONS OF ALISON KELLY, LEGAL
MEMBER OF THE FIRST-TIER TRIBUNAL WITH DELEGATED POWERS OF
THE CHAMBER PRESIDENT**

**Under Rule 8 of the First-tier Tribunal for Scotland Housing and Property
Chamber Rules of Procedure 2017 ("the Rules")**

in connection with

2/3, 92 London Road, Glasgow, G1 5DE ("the Property")

Case Reference: FTS/HPC/PR/26/0143

Nellie Wilson 2/3, 92 London Road, Glasgow, G1 5DE ("the Applicant")

Taylor Bruce 2/3, 92 London Road, Glasgow, G1 5DE ("the Applicant")

1. The application was made under Rule 103 of the Procedural Rules. The application was accompanied by supporting documentation
2. The Tribunal made various requests for information by way of email, culminating in an email of 10th march 2026. No substantive response was received to that request.
3. On 19th May 2026 the Tribunal sent a further email to the Applicants. The terms of that email included the following...

"There still appears to be no reply to the request for further information from the Tribunal dated 10.3.2026. Unless a response is received within 7 days the application likely be rejected as incomplete. If you require further time for the trace report to be prepared, please contact the Tribunal within the 7 days to request a further extension of time. If you no longer wish to

insist on the application, please email within the 7 days and advise the application is withdrawn. If you do nothing the application will likely be rejected as incomplete and the decision published in the public register.

4. No response has been received to that request.

DECISION

5. The circumstances in which an application is to be rejected are governed by Rule 8 of the Chamber Procedural Rules. That Rule provides:-

"Rejection of application

8. —(1) The Chamber President or another member of the First-tier Tribunal under the

delegated powers of the Chamber President, must reject an application if –

- (a) they consider that the application is frivolous or vexatious;*
- (b) the dispute to which the application relates has been resolved;*
- (c) they have good reason to believe that it would not be appropriate to accept the application;*
- (d) they consider that the application is being made for a purpose other than a purpose specified in the application; or*
- (e) the applicant has previously made an identical or substantially similar application and in the opinion of the Chamber President or another member of the First-tier Tribunal, under the delegated powers of the Chamber President, there has been no significant change in any material considerations since the identical or substantially similar application was determined.*

(2) Where the Chamber President, or another member of the First-tier Tribunal, under the delegated powers of the Chamber President, makes a decision under paragraph (1) to reject an application the First-tier Tribunal

must notify the applicant and the notification must state the reason for the decision."

- 6. After consideration of the application, the further information referred to and correspondence from the Applicant, the Legal Member considers that the application should be rejected on the basis that it would not be appropriate to accept the application within the meaning of Rule 8(1)(c) of the Procedural Rules.**

REASONS FOR DECISION

7. Requests were made for further information from the Applicant. This additional information requested was necessary to allow the application to proceed. The applicant was informed that the additional information was essential to allow further progress of the application and was warned that failure to respond may lead to the application being rejected.
8. In the absence of any response by the Applicant, it would not be appropriate to accept the application and accordingly it is rejected.

What you should do now

If you accept the Legal Member's decision, there is no need to reply.

If you disagree with this decision –

An applicant aggrieved by the decision of the Chamber President, or any Legal Member acting under delegated powers, may appeal to the Upper Tribunal for Scotland on a point of law only. Before an appeal can be made to the Upper Tribunal, the party must first seek permission to appeal from the First-tier Tribunal. That party must seek permission to appeal within 30 days of the date the decision was sent to them. Information about the appeal procedure can be forwarded to you on request.

Alison Kelly
Legal Member
15th June 2026