

Housing and Property Chamber

First-tier Tribunal for Scotland



Repairing Standard Enforcement Order **Ordered by the First-tier Tribunal for Scotland** **(Housing and Property Chamber)**

Chamber Ref: FTS/HPC/RP/25/2119

26, Lainshaw, Kilwinning, KA13 6ND being the subjects described in the Feu Disposition by Irvine Development Corporation in favour of Hector Colin Morrison and Christina May Morrison recorded in the Division of the General Register of Sasines for the County of Ayr on 10th June 1986 ('The House')

The Parties:-

Suzanne Galt residing at 20, Hawkhill Drive, Stevenston, KA20 3DF ('the Landlord').

John Galt residing at 20, Hawkhill Drive, Stevenston, KA20 3DF ('the Landlord's Representative').

Jodie Scott residing at 26, Lainshaw, Kilwinning, KA13 6ND ('the Tenant').

Alister Meek, CHAP, 71 Princes Street, Ardrossan ('the Tenant's Representative')

The First-tier Tribunal for Scotland (Housing and Property Chamber) ('the Tribunal') comprising: Jacqui Taylor (Legal Member) and Lorraine Charles (Ordinary Member).

NOTICE TO **The said Suzanne Galt**

Whereas in terms of their decision dated 23rd December 2025 the Tribunal determined that the Landlord has failed to comply with the duty imposed by Section 14 (1)(b) of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2006 and in particular the Landlord has failed to ensure that the structure and exterior of the Property (including drains, gutters and external pipes) are in a reasonable state of repair and in proper working order the Tribunal now requires the Landlord to carry out such work as is necessary for the purposes of ensuring that the Property meets the repairing standard and that any damage caused by the carrying out of any work in terms of this Order is made good.

In particular the Tribunal requires the Landlord to install a restrictor to the bedroom window to render it in a reasonable state of repair and proper working order.

The Tribunal orders that these works must be carried out and completed by 20th January 2026.

A landlord, tenant or third party applicant aggrieved by the decision of the tribunal may appeal to the Upper Tribunal for Scotland on a point of law only. Before an appeal can be made to the Upper Tribunal, the party must first seek permission to appeal from the First-tier Tribunal. That party must seek permission to appeal within 30 days of the date the decision was sent to them.

Where such an appeal is made, the effect of the decision and of any order is suspended until the appeal is abandoned or finally determined by the Upper Tribunal, and where the appeal is abandoned or finally determined by upholding the decision, the decision and any order will be treated as having effect from the day on which the appeal is abandoned or so determined.

Please note that in terms of section 28(1) of the Act, a landlord who, without reasonable excuse, fails to comply with a RSEO commits an offence liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale. A landlord (and that includes a landlord's successor in title) also commits an offence if he or she enters into a tenancy or occupancy agreement in relation to a house at any time during which a RSEO has effect in relation to the house.

This is in terms of section 28(5) of the Act: IN WITNESS WHEREOF these presents typewritten on this and the preceding page are subscribed at Glasgow on 23rd December 2025 by Jacqui Taylor, chairperson of the Tribunal, in the presence of the witness under noted:

J Taylor