Housing and Property Chamber First-tier Tribunal for Scotland



#### DECISION AND STATEMENT OF REASONS OF ALISON KELLY, LEGAL MEMBER OF THE FIRST-TIER TRIBUNAL WITH DELEGATED POWERS OF THE CHAMBER PRESIDENT

## Under Rule 8 of the First-tier Tribunal for Scotland Housing and Property Chamber Rules of Procedure 2017 ("the Rules")

in connection with

# 28 Main Street, Cairneyhill, Fife, KY12 8QZ ("the Property")

## Case Reference: FTS/HPC/EV/24/4550

## Catherine Campbell ("the Applicant")

## Jordan Allerdyce, Siobhan Allerdyce ("the Respondent")

- The Applicant seeks an eviction order in terms of Rule 109 of the Rules and Section 51(1) of the Private Housing (Tenancies) (Scotland) Act 2016 ("the 2016 Act"), having lodged an application with the Tribunal on 2<sup>nd</sup> October 2024.
- 2. The Tribunal sent numerous emails to the Applicant seeking further information and documents. The Applicant responded to the majority of the requests, however the Applicant, by emails from the Tribunal dated 29<sup>th</sup> October 2024, 4<sup>th</sup> December 2024, 13<sup>th</sup> February 2025, 25<sup>th</sup> March 2025 and 1<sup>st</sup> May 2025, was asked for production of a notice in terms of section 11 of the Homelssness etc (Scotland) Act 2003. The Applicant has not produced the notice requested.

#### 3. DECISION

4. The Legal Member considered the application in terms of Rule 8 of the Chamber Procedural Rules. That Rule provides:-

#### Rejection of application

**8.**—(1) The Chamber President or another member of the First-tier Tribunal under the delegated powers of the Chamber President, must reject an application if—

(a) they consider that the application is frivolous or vexatious;

(b) the dispute to which the application relates has been resolved;

(c) they have good reason to believe that it would not be appropriate to accept the application;

(d) they consider that the application is being made for a purpose other than a purpose specified in the application; or

(e) the applicant has previously made an identical or substantially similar application and in the opinion of the Chamber President or another member of the First-tier Tribunal, under the delegated powers of the Chamber President, there has been no significant change in any material considerations since the identical or substantially similar application was determined.

(2) Where the Chamber President, or another member of the First-tier Tribunal, under the delegated powers of the Chamber President, makes a decision under paragraph (1) to reject an application the First-tier Tribunal must notify the applicant and the notification must state the reason for the decision.

5. After consideration of the application and the documents submitted by the Applicant in support of same, the Legal Member considers that the application should be rejected on the basis that it is frivolous within the meaning of Rule 8(1)(a) of the Rules.

**Reasons for Decision** 

- 6. 'Frivolous' in the context of legal proceedings is defined by Lord Justice Bingham in *R v North West Suffolk (Mildenhall) Magistrates Court,* (1998) Env LR9. He indicated at page 16 of the judgment; "What the expression means in this context is, in my view, that the court considers the application to be futile, misconceived, hopeless or academic". It is that definition which the Legal Member has considered as the test in this application, and on consideration of this test, the Legal Member considers that this application is frivolous, misconceived and has no prospect of success.
- 7. It is a requirement of section 11 of the Homelessness etc (Scotland) Act 2003 that where a landlord raises proceedings for possession of a dwellinghouse the landlord must give notice of the raising of the proceedings to the local authority in whose area the property is situated. The Applicant has failed to provide a notice in terms of the statutory provision. The application is rejected on that basis.

### What you should do now

If you accept the Legal Member's decision, there is no need to reply.

If you disagree with this decision -

An applicant aggrieved by the decision of the Chamber President, or any Legal Member acting under delegated powers, may appeal to the Upper Tribunal for Scotland on a point of law only. Before an appeal can be made to the Upper Tribunal, the party must first seek permission to appeal from the First-tier Tribunal. That party must seek permission to appeal within 30 days of the date the decision was sent to them. Information about the appeal procedure can be forwarded to you on request.

Alison Kelly Legal Member 23<sup>rd</sup> June 2025