Housing and Property Chamber





First-tier Tribunal for Scotland (Housing and Property Chamber)

Revocation of Repairing Standard Enforcement Order (RSEO): Housing (Scotland) Act 2006 Section 25(1)(b)

Re: 74 Murray Street, Paisley, PA13 1QT ("the House")

Title number: REN 3976

Chamber Ref: FTS/HPC/RT/22/0728

Parties:

Renfrewshire Council, Renfrewshire House, Cotton Street, Paisley, PA1 1JD ("the Third Party Applicant")

Mr Stuart Henderson, formerly 37 Kinpurnie Road, Paisley, PA1 3HG and 15/2 Carriagehall Drive, Paisley, PA2 6JG, and now 4/8 The Elipta, 110 Saucel Crescent, Paisley, PA1 1SX ("the Landlord")

Tribunal Members:

Nicola Weir (Legal Member) and Nick Allan (Ordinary Member)

The First-tier Tribunal for Scotland (Housing and Property Chamber) ('the Tribunal') having determined on 10 June 2024 that the works required by the **Repairing Standard Enforcement Order** relative to the House dated 14 September 2022 (as varied by Variation dated 5 April 2023 are no longer necessary and that said **Repairing Standard Enforcement Order** should accordingly be revoked, the said **Repairing Standard Enforcement Order** is hereby revoked with effect from the date of service of this Notice.

A landlord, tenant or third party applicant aggrieved by the decision of the Tribunal may appeal to the Upper Tribunal for Scotland on a point of law only. Before an appeal can be made to the Upper Tribunal, the party must first seek permission to appeal from the First-tier Tribunal. That party must seek permission to appeal within 30 days of the date the decision was sent to them.

In terms of Section 63 of the Act, where such an appeal is made, the effect of the decision and of any order is suspended until the appeal is abandoned or finally determined by the Upper Tribunal, and where the appeal is abandoned or finally determined by upholding the decision, the decision and any order will be treated as having effect from the day on which the appeal is abandoned or so determined.

Please note that in terms of section 28(1) of the Act, a landlord who, without reasonable excuse, fails to comply with a RSEO commits an offence liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale. A landlord (and that includes any landlord's successor in title) also commits an offence if he or she enters into a tenancy or occupancy arrangement in relation to a house at any time during which a RSEO has effect in relation to the house. This is in terms of Section 28(5) of the Act.

In witness whereof these presents typewritten on this and the preceding page are executed by Nicola Weir, Legal Member of the Tribunal, at Glasgow on 10 June 2024 in the presence of the undernoted witness:-

P.T.Wilk - name in full