

Housing and Property Chamber

First-tier Tribunal for Scotland



Certificate of Compliance following upon a Decision of the First-tier Tribunal for Scotland (Housing and Property Chamber) in an application under Section 17 (1) of the Property Factors (Scotland) Act 2011

Chamber Ref: FTS/HPC/PF/18/3536

Re: 53B Drip Road, Stirling Bridge, Stirling, FK8 1RN (“the Property”)

Parties:

Mr Thomas Rae, residing at 53B Drip Road, Stirling Bridge, Stirling, FK8 1RN (“the Homeowner & Applicant”)

Newton Property Management Limited, 87 Port Dundas Road, Glasgow, G4 0HF (“the Property Factor & Respondent”)

Tribunal Members:

Jim Bauld (Chairing & Legal Member)

Carol Jones (Ordinary Member & Surveyor)

Decision of the Tribunal

The Tribunal having determined that the Property Factor Enforcement Order (PFEО) relating to the property which was dated 23 January 2020 has been complied with hereby certifies that the Factor has complied with the PFEО.

Reasons for Decision

1. By decision dated 15 October 2019 the Tribunal determined that the Property Factor had failed to comply with certain duties arising from the Property Factors Code of Conduct (“the Code”). The Tribunal subsequently issued a Property Factor Enforcement Order dated 23 January 2020 which required the Property Factor to make a payment to the Homeowner of the sum of £100.
2. Subsequent to the issue of the Order, the Tribunal received correspondence from the Property Factor confirming that a payment had been made to the Homeowner in accordance with the PFEО.
3. Accordingly, the Tribunal is satisfied that the Property Factors have complied with the terms of the PFEО and have decided to issue this certificate of compliance. No further action is therefore required by the Property Factors in terms of the PFEО which may now be deemed to be completed.

Rights of Appeal

4. In terms of section 46 of the Tribunals (Scotland) Act 2014, a party aggrieved by the decision of the Tribunal may appeal to the Upper Tribunal for Scotland on a point of law only. Before an appeal

can be made to the Upper Tribunal, the party must first seek permission to appeal from the First-tier Tribunal. That party must seek permission to appeal within 30 days of the date the decision was sent to them.

Where such an appeal is made, the effect of the decision and of any order is suspended until the appeal is abandoned or finally determined by the Upper Tribunal, and where the appeal is abandoned or finally determined by upholding the decision, the decision and any order will be treated as having effect from the day on which the appeal is abandoned or so determined.

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James Bauld, Chairperson

5 August 2020
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Date