



Decision with Statement of Reasons of the First-tier Tribunal for Scotland (Housing and Property Chamber) under Section 18 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 1988

Chamber Ref: FTS/HPC/EV/20/0738

Re: Property at 11 Ravencroft, Irvine, Ayrshire, KA12 9DE (“the Property”)

Parties:

Mr Jim Sinclair, 6 Langmuir Court, Perceton, Irvine, Ayrshire, KA11 2DT (“the Applicant”)

Ms Tracey Landles, 11 Ravenscroft, Irvine, Ayrshire, KA12 9DE (“the Respondent”)

Tribunal Members:

Neil Kinnear (Legal Member)

Decision (in absence of the Respondent)

The First-tier Tribunal for Scotland (Housing and Property Chamber) (“the Tribunal”) determined that

Background

This is an application dated 29th February 2020 brought in terms of Rule 65 (Application for order for possession in relation to assured tenancies) of *The First-tier Tribunal for Scotland Housing and Property Chamber (Procedure) Regulations 2017* as amended.

The Applicant provided with his application copies of the short assured tenancy agreement, section 19 notice (form AT6), Section 11 notice, rent arrears statement, and relevant executions of service.

All of these documents and forms had been correctly and validly prepared in terms of the provisions of the *Housing (Scotland) Act 1988*, and the procedures set out in that Act had been correctly followed and applied.

The form AT6 intimated to the tenant that the landlord intended to raise proceedings for possession of the house on grounds 8, 11 and 12 of Schedule 5 to the *Housing (Scotland) Act 1988*.

The Respondent had been validly served by sheriff officers with the notification, application, papers and guidance notes from the Tribunal on 26th June 2020, and the Tribunal was provided with the execution of service.

Case Management Discussion

A Case Management Discussion was held at 10.00 on 3rd August 2020 by Tele-Conference. The Applicant participated, and was not represented. The Respondent did not participate, nor was she represented. The Respondent has not responded to this application at any stage either in writing or by any other form of communication.

The Tribunal was satisfied that the requirements of giving notice had been duly complied with, and proceeded with the application in terms of Rules 17 and 29 of *The First-tier Tribunal for Scotland Housing and Property Chamber (Procedure) Regulations 2017* as amended.

The Applicant invited the Tribunal with reference to the application and papers to grant the order sought on grounds 8, 11 and 12 of Schedule 5 to the *Housing (Scotland) Act 1988*. The rent arrears statement provided with the form AT6 disclosed rent arrears of £2,978.80 at the time of the notice in terms of the attached rent arrears statement.

By the date of this application, the arrears had increased to £3,363.40, and the figure has increased again to £4,636.10 in terms of an amended rent arrears statement which had been submitted to the Tribunal in advance of the Case Management Discussion. The monthly rental due in terms of the tenancy agreement is £520.00 per month.

Statement of Reasons

In terms of Section 18(3) of the *Housing (Scotland) Act 1988* ("the Act"), if the Tribunal is satisfied that any of the grounds in Part I of Schedule 5 to the Act is established then, subject to subsections (3A) and (6), the Tribunal shall make an order for possession.

Section 18(3A) of the Act provides that if the First-tier Tribunal is satisfied (a) that Ground 8 in Part I of Schedule 5 to this Act is established; and (b) that rent is in arrears as mentioned in that Ground as a consequence of a delay or failure in the payment of relevant housing benefit or relevant universal credit, the Tribunal shall not make an order for possession unless the Tribunal considers it reasonable to do so.

Section 18(6) of the Act provides that the First-tier Tribunal shall not make an order for possession of a house which is for the time being let on an assured tenancy, not being a statutory assured tenancy, unless (a) the ground for possession is Ground 2 or Ground 8 in Part I of Schedule 5 to this Act or any of the grounds in Part II of that Schedule, other than Ground 9, Ground 10, Ground 15 or Ground 17; and (b) the

terms of the tenancy make provision for it to be brought to an end on the ground in question.

The Tribunal is satisfied that ground 8 contained in Part 1 of Schedule 5 to the Act has been established. The Tribunal has not been satisfied that rent is in arrears as a consequence of a delay or failure in the payment of relevant housing benefit or relevant universal credit. There has been no evidence to establish any such reason for rent arrears. Indeed, the rent arrears statements provided by the Applicant disclose and include regular payments of relevant housing benefit received. The terms of the short assured tenancy agreement make provision for it to be brought to an end on the ground in question.

In terms of Section 18(4) of the Act, if the Tribunal is satisfied that any of the grounds in Part II of Schedule 5 to this Act is established, the Tribunal shall not make an order for possession unless the Tribunal considers it reasonable to do so.

Section 18(4A) of the Act provides that in considering for the purposes of subsection (4) above whether it is reasonable to make an order for possession on Ground 11 or 12 in Part II of Schedule 5 to this Act, the First-tier Tribunal shall have regard, in particular, to the extent to which any delay or failure to pay rent taken into account by the Tribunal in determining that the Ground is established is or was a consequence of a delay or failure in the payment of relevant housing benefit or relevant universal credit.

The Tribunal is satisfied that grounds 11 and 12 contained in Part 2 of Schedule 5 to the Act have been established, and considers that it is reasonable to make an order for possession. The Tribunal has not been satisfied that rent is in arrears as a consequence of a delay or failure in the payment of relevant housing benefit or relevant universal credit. There has been no evidence to establish any such reason for rent arrears. Indeed, the rent arrears statements provided by the Applicant disclose and include regular payments of relevant housing benefit received.

For the above reasons, the Tribunal shall make an order for possession.

Decision

In these circumstances, the Tribunal will make an order for possession of the house let on the tenancy as sought in this application.

Right of Appeal

In terms of Section 46 of the Tribunal (Scotland) Act 2014, a party aggrieved by the decision of the Tribunal may appeal to the Upper Tribunal for Scotland on a point of law only. Before an appeal can be made to the Upper Tribunal, the party must first seek permission to appeal from the First-tier Tribunal. That party must seek permission to appeal within 30 days of the date the decision was sent to them.

Neil Kinnear

3 August 2020

Legal Member/Chair

Date

